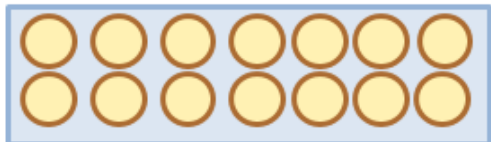


KS1 Maths Quiz - Year 1 Calculation - Multiplication Using Arrays (Questions)

This quiz addresses the requirements of the National Curriculum KS1 Maths and Numeracy for children aged 5 and 6 in year 1. Specifically this quiz is aimed at the section dealing with multiplication using arrays.

Multiplication using arrays is a way of organising the numbers in a visual way in order to understand how repeated addition is the same as multiplication. Using an array to visualise a problem also highlights how the order of the multiplication can be reversed to give the same answer. For example, 2×4 gives the same answer as 4×2 .

1. **7×2 and 2×7 give the same answer. What is it?**



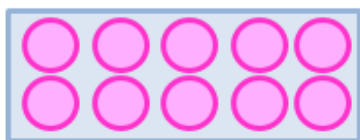
- ☐ 72
- ☐ 12
- ☐ 27
- ☐ 14

2. **What is 2×3 ?**



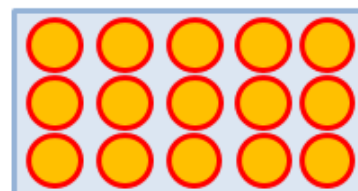
- ☐ 6
- ☐ 8
- ☐ 4
- ☐ 3

3. **2×5 is the same as...**



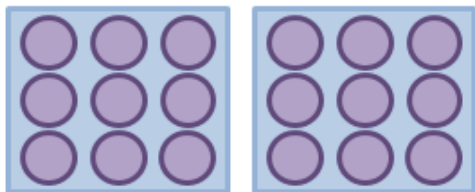
- ☐ $2 + 5$
- ☐ 4×5
- ☐ $5 + 5$
- ☐ 5×5

4. **What is 5×3 ?**



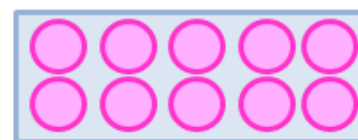
- ☐ 30
- ☐ 13
- ☐ 26
- ☐ 15

5. **What is $3 \times 3 + 3 \times 3$?**



- ☐ 18
- ☐ 9
- ☐ 99
- ☐ 81

6. **5×2 is the same as...**



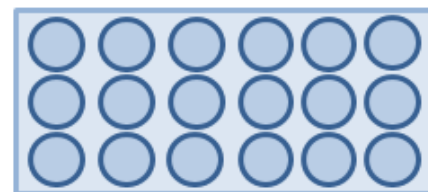
- ☐ $2 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 2$
- ☐ 4×5
- ☐ $5 + 5 + 5 + 5 + 5$
- ☐ 5×5

7. **2×4 is the same as...**



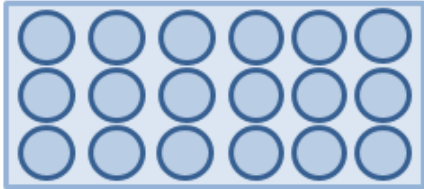
- ☐ $2 + 2$
- ☐ 4×2
- ☐ $4 + 4 + 4$
- ☐ 2×2

8. **3×6 is the same as...**



- ☐ $3 + 3 + 3$
- ☐ $6 + 6 + 6$
- ☐ 3×3
- ☐ 6×6

9. **6 x 3 is the same as...**



- ☐ $3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3$
- ☐ $6 + 6 + 6 + 6 + 6 + 6$
- ☐ 3×3
- ☐ 6×6

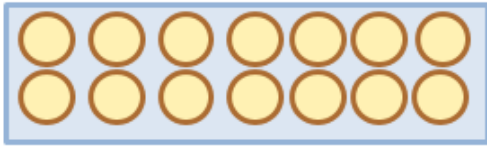
10. **What is 3 x 4?**



- ☐ 18
- ☐ 12
- ☐ 8
- ☐ 14

KS1 Maths Quiz - Year 1 Calculation - Multiplication Using Arrays (Answers)

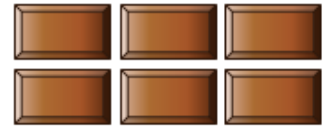
1. **7 x 2 and 2 x 7 give the same answer. What is it?**



- ☐ 72
- ☐ 12
- ☐ 27
- ☒ 14

2 groups of 7, or 7 groups of 2, makes 14

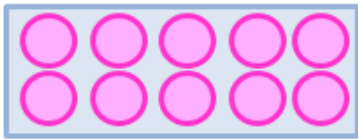
2. **What is 2 x 3?**



- ☒ 6
- ☐ 8
- ☐ 4
- ☐ 3

2 groups of 3, or 3 + 3 = 6

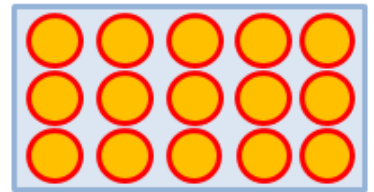
3. **2 x 5 is the same as...**



- ☐ 2 + 5
- ☐ 4 x 5
- ☒ 5 + 5
- ☐ 5 x 5

2 x 5 is 2 groups of 5, or 5 + 5

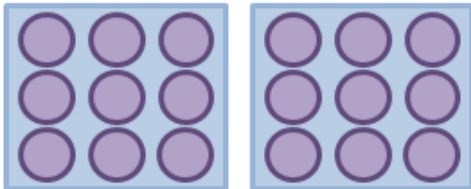
4. **What is 5 x 3?**



- ☐ 30
- ☐ 13
- ☐ 26
- ☒ 15

5 groups of 3, or 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 = 15

5. **What is 3 x 3 + 3 x 3?**



- ☒ 18
- ☐ 9
- ☐ 99
- ☐ 81

3 x 3 = 9. 9 plus 9 = 18

6. **5 x 2 is the same as...**



- ☒ 2 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 2
- ☐ 4 x 5
- ☐ 5 + 5 + 5 + 5 + 5
- ☐ 5 x 5

5 x 2 is 5 groups of 2, or 2 + 2 + 2 + 2 + 2

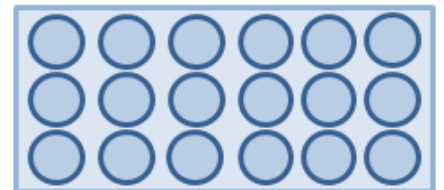
7. **2 x 4 is the same as...**



- ☐ 2 + 2
- ☒ 4 x 2
- ☐ 4 + 4 + 4
- ☐ 2 x 2

2 groups of 4 is the same as 4 groups of 2

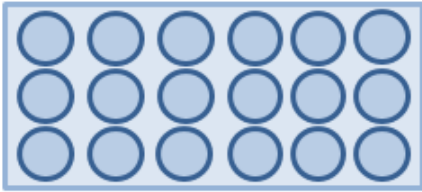
8. **3 x 6 is the same as...**



- ☐ 3 + 3 + 3
- ☒ 6 + 6 + 6
- ☐ 3 x 3
- ☐ 6 x 6

3 x 6 is the same as 3 groups of 6, or 6 + 6 + 6

9. **6 x 3 is the same as...**



- ☐ $3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3$
- ☐ $6 + 6 + 6 + 6 + 6 + 6$
- ☐ 3×3
- ☐ 6×6

6 x 3 is the same as 6 groups of 3, or $3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3 + 3$

10. **What is 3 x 4?**



- ☐ 18
- ☐ 12
- ☐ 8
- ☐ 14

3 groups of 4, or $4 + 4 + 4 = 12$